### **Training and Evaluation Outline Report**

Status: Approved 18 Feb 2015 Effective Date: 30 Sep 2016

**Task Number:** 71-9-6220

Task Title: Remove Operationally Significant Hazards (Division Echelon and Above [Operational])

**Distribution Restriction:** Approved for public release; distribution is unlimited.

**Destruction Notice: None** 

**Foreign Disclosure: FD1 -** This training product has been reviewed by the training developers in coordination with the Fort Leavenworth foreign disclosure officer. This training product can be used to instruct international military students from all approved countries without restrictions.

### **Supporting Reference(s):**

Step Number	Reference ID	Reference Name	Required	Primary
	JP 3-15.1	Counter-Improvised Explosive Device Operations	Yes	No
	JP 3-18	Joint Forcible Entry Operations	Yes	Yes

**Conditions:** The command is conducting operations as a Joint Task Force (JTF) or as a Combined Joint Task Force (CJTF) headquarters. The command's headquarters receives liaison, unit, and individual augmentees. The command receives an operations order from higher headquarters. The commander issues guidance on removing operationally significant hazards in the joint operations area. The command establishes communications with subordinate and adjacent units and higher headquarters. The mission command system is operational and processing information. This task should not be trained in MOPP 4.

**Standards:** The staff eliminates or reduces operationally significant hazards in the joint operations area to disrupt and attrit threat forces and protect friendly forces in accordance with the commanders intent, orders from higher headquarters, and standard operating procedures.

Live Fire Required: No

### **Objective Task Evaluation Criteria Matrix:**

Pla	an a	and Prepare	Execute						Assess
Operationa Environmen	al nt	Training Environment (L/V/C)	% of Leaders Present at Training/Authorized	% of Soldiers Present at	External Eval	% Performance Measures 'GO'	% Critical Performance Measures 'GO'	% Leade Performa Measures	Task Assessment
BDE & Above		ing nment //C)	aders ent at uthorized	oldiers ent at	ıl Eval	rmance es 'GO'	tical nance es 'GO'	% Leader Performance Measures 'GO'	essment
Dynamic and Complex (All OE Variables			>=85%	000/	Yes	>=91%		>=90%	т
OE Variables and Hybrid Threat)	Night	IAV	75-84%	>=80%	es	80-90%	All		T-
Dynamic and Complex (All OE Variables		IAW unit CATS statement	65-74%	75-79%		65-79%		80-89%	P
and Single Threat)	Day	ant.	60-64%	60-74%	No	51-64%	•	700/	P-
Dynamic and Complex ( <all oe<br="">Variables and Single Threat)</all>	зу		<=59%	<=59%		<=50%	<all< td=""><td>&lt;=79%</td><td>U</td></all<>	<=79%	U

Remarks: None
Notes: None
Safety Risk: Low

**Task Statements** 

Cue: None

# **DANGER**

Leaders have an inherent responsibility to conduct Risk Management to ensure the safety of all Soldiers and promote mission accomplishment.

### **WARNING**

Risk Management is the Army's primary decision-making process to identify hazards, reduce risk, and prevent both accidental and tactical loss. All soldiers have the responsibility to learn and understand the risks associated with this task.

## **CAUTION**

Identifying hazards and controlling risks across the full spectrum of Army functions, operations, and activities is the responsibility of all Soldiers.

### **Performance Steps and Measures**

**NOTE:** Assess task proficiency using the task evaluation criteria matrix.

**NOTE:** Asterisks (\*) indicate leader steps; plus signs (+) indicate critical steps.

STEP/MEASURE	GO	NO-GO	N/A
1. The staff plans forcible entry operations to remove operationally significant hazards in a hostile or potentially hostile operational area by:	N/A	N/A	N/A
a. Planning forcible entry operations to seize and hold lodgments against opposition by:	N/A	N/A	N/A
(1) Conducting intelligence preparation of the operational environment.	N/A	N/A	N/A
(2) Developing a time-phased force and deployment list.	N/A	N/A	N/A
(3) Designating complementary and/or deconflicted missions to components.	N/A	N/A	N/A
(4) Coordinating operational areas, airspace, and fire support measures.	N/A	N/A	N/A
(5) Defining command relationships.	N/A	N/A	N/A
(6) Determining apportionment of air assets.	N/A	N/A	N/A
(7) Providing targeting guidance.	N/A	N/A	N/A
(8) Integrating military activities that support strategic communication themes and messages.	N/A	N/A	N/A
(9) Determining the feasibility of inserting strategic surveillance assets prior to commencement of the assault.	N/A	N/A	N/A
b. Preparing to conduct forcible entry operations to seize and hold lodgments against opposition by:	N/A	N/A	N/A
(1) Conducting deception operations.	N/A	N/A	N/A
(2) Ordering advance force operations.	N/A	N/A	N/A
(3) Emplacing sustainment assets.	N/A	N/A	N/A
(4) Positioning surveillance assets in the assault areas.	N/A	N/A	N/A
(5) Calculating throughput capability of ports of debarkation.	N/A	N/A	N/A
(6) Establishing redundancy of force capability in deployment flow.	N/A	N/A	N/A
c. Supporting the conduct of forcible entry operations to seize and hold lodgments by planning to:	N/A	N/A	N/A
(1) Deploy forces to gain access into the objective area, conduct the initial assault, and reinforce success.	N/A	N/A	N/A
(2) Secure airheads and/or beachheads.	N/A	N/A	N/A
(3) Determine vulnerability to interdiction and counterattack.	N/A	N/A	N/A
(4) Operate facilities and/or infrastructure to support operations.	N/A	N/A	N/A
(5) Identify and eliminating restrictions or limitations in the force flow.	N/A	N/A	N/A
(6) Expand the lodgment.	N/A	N/A	N/A
(7) Prepare for arrival of follow-on forces.	N/A	N/A	N/A
(8) Establish force link-up procedures.	N/A	N/A	N/A
(9) Coordinate delivery of maritime pre-positioning force and Army pre-positioned stocks.	N/A	N/A	N/A
(10) Terminating the forcible entry portion of the joint operation.	N/A	N/A	N/A
(11) Transition to civil authority.	N/A	N/A	N/A
2. The staff plans to attack an improvised explosive device network to remove operationally significant hazards in an operational area by:	N/A	N/A	N/A
a. Planning to attack an improvised explosive device network by:	N/A	N/A	N/A
(1) Assessing the people, places, processes, and materials that support the improvised explosive device design, supply, and employment chain.	N/A	N/A	N/A
(2) Conducting intelligence preparation of the operational environment to appreciate friendly, neutral, and threat networks.	N/A	N/A	N/A
(3) Selecting and prioritizing entities, locations, objects, functions, or behaviors for action to create results.	N/A	N/A	N/A
(4) Developing and exploiting weapons technical intelligence, documents and media, and measurement and signatures intelligence.	N/A	N/A	N/A
b. Preparing to attack an improvised explosive device network by:	N/A	N/A	N/A
(1) Conducting the targeting process to develop understanding of improvised explosive device networks.	N/A	N/A	N/A
(2) Analyzing the improvised explosive device network ideology, methodology, and capabilities to template personnel, organization, and activities.	N/A	N/A	N/A
(3) Identifying links among adversary critical capabilities, requirements, vulnerabilities, and indicators of action.	N/A	N/A	N/A
(4) Providing actionable intelligence products to enable near-simultaneous attacks against adversary critical vulnerabilities.	N/A	N/A	N/A
(5) Producing a visualization of the operating environment to facilitate synchronization of forces and capabilities.	N/A	N/A	N/A
(6) Identifying named areas of interest where collection capabilities can detect activity or individuals and have decisive effect against adversary critical vulnerabilities.	N/A	N/A	N/A
c. Supporting the attack of an improvised explosive device network by planning to:	N/A	N/A	N/A
(1) Locate network operators and activities in real time.	N/A	N/A	N/A

(2) Determine whether to employ lethal or nonlethal means for focused or network-wide engagements.	N/A	N/A	N/A
(3) Employ a multi-echelon approach to disrupt the network and then exploit the results with collection assets.	N/A	N/A	N/A
(4) Conduct near-simultaneous operations to minimize the capability for the target to alert other network elements.	N/A	N/A	N/A
(5) Exploit documents, computer media, cell phones, weapons and explosives, and personnel, as quickly as possible.	N/A	N/A	N/A
(6) Analyze results to identify network members and activities that are vulnerable to targeting.	N/A	N/A	N/A
3. The staff assesses the results of efforts to remove operationally significant hazards by:	N/A	N/A	N/A
a. Analyzing enemy reactions and vulnerabilities.	N/A	N/A	N/A
b. Determining achievement of operational objectives.	N/A	N/A	N/A
c. Evaluating operational planning and execution against measures of effectiveness and performance.	N/A	N/A	N/A

TASK PERFORMANCE / EVALUATION SUMMARY BLOCK							
ITERATION	1	2	3	4	5	М	TOTAL
TOTAL PERFORMANCE MEASURES EVALUATED							
TOTAL PERFORMANCE MEASURES GO							
TRAINING STATUS GO/NO-GO							

ITERATION: 1 2 3 4 5 M

COMMANDER/LEADER ASSESSMENT: T P U

Mission(s) supported: None

MOPP 4: Never

MOPP 4 Statement: None

NVG: Never

**NVG Statement:** None

### Prerequisite Collective Task(s):

Step Number	Task Number	Title	Proponent	Status
	71-9-5200	Assess the Operational Situation	71 - Combined Arms (Collective)	Approved
	71-9-5300	Prepare Plans (Division Echelon and Above [Operational])	71 - Combined Arms (Collective)	Approved
	71-9-5400	Control Subordinate Operational Forces (Division Echelon and Above [Operational])	71 - Combined Arms (Collective)	Approved
	71-9-6500	Provide Security for Operational Forces (Division Echelon and Above [Operational])	71 - Combined Arms (Collective)	Approved

### **Supporting Collective Task(s):**

Step Number	Task Number	Title	Proponent	Status
	71-TA-5310	Conduct Operational Mission Analysis for Theater Army	71 - Combined Arms (Collective)	Approved

OPFOR Task(s): None

**Supporting Individual Task(s):** 

Step Number	Task Number	Title	Proponent	Status
	150-LDR-5003	Use the Mission Order Technique	150 - Combined Arms (Individual)	Approved
	150-MC-2300	Perform Information Collection	150 - Combined Arms (Individual)	Approved
	150-MC-5111	Conduct the Military Decisionmaking Process	150 - Combined Arms (Individual)	Approved
	150-MC-5144	Develop a Running Estimate	150 - Combined Arms (Individual)	Approved
	150-MC-5145	Conduct Risk Management	150 - Combined Arms (Individual)	Approved

#### Supporting Drill(s): None

#### Supported AUTL/UJTL Task(s):

Task ID	Title
OP 6.2.2	Remove Operationally Significant Hazards

#### **TADSS**

TADSS ID	Title	Product Type	Quantity
No TADSS specified			

#### **Equipment (LIN)**

LIN	Nomenclature	Qty
No equipment specified		

#### Materiel Items (NSN)

NSN	LIN	Title	Qty
No materiel items specified			

**Environment:** Environmental protection is not just the law but the right thing to do. It is a continual process and starts with deliberate planning. Always be alert to ways to protect our environment during training and missions. In doing so, you will contribute to the sustainment of our training resources while protecting people and the environment from harmful effects. Refer to the current Environmental Considerations manual and the current GTA Environmental-related Risk Assessment card. Environmental protection is not just the law but the right thing to do. It is a continual process and starts with deliberate planning. Always be alert to ways to protect our environment during training and missions. In doing so, you will contribute to the sustainment of our training resources while protecting people and the environment from harmful effects. Refer to FM 3-34.5 Environmental Considerations and GTA 05-08-002 ENVIRONMENTAL-RELATED RISK ASSESSMENT.

**Safety:** In a training environment, leaders must perform a risk assessment in accordance with ATP 5-19, Risk Management. Leaders will complete the current Deliberate Risk Assessment Worksheet in accordance with the TRADOC Safety Officer during the planning and completion of each task and sub-task by assessing mission, enemy, terrain and weather, troops and support available-time available and civil considerations, (METT-TC). Note: During MOPP training, leaders must ensure personnel are monitored for potential heat injury. Local policies and procedures must be followed during times of increased heat category in order to avoid heat related injury. Consider the MOPP work/rest cycles and water replacement guidelines IAW FM 3-11.4, Multiservice Tactics, Techniques, and Procedures for Nuclear, Biological, and Chemical (NBC) Protection, FM 3-11.5, Multiservice Tactics, Techniques, and Procedures for Chemical, Biological, Radiological, and Nuclear Decontamination.